3 How, Where and When

In this chapter we consider six aspects of liblogs:

- ➤ How they're created (the blogging software used)
- ➤ Where they're written (country of origin)
- ➤ How visible they are (Google Page Rank)
- When they began
- ➤ How long they've lasted
- ➤ Currency—a timed snapshot of freshness of posts.

How: Liblog Software

In 2008, 511 of 607 blogs studied used blogging software from one of five major sources. That year, WordPress was used by *slightly* more bloggers than Blogger, with those two far ahead of any others.

In 2009, WordPress had moved ahead, with 47% of the 521 liblogs as compared to just under 37% for Blogger and 9% for the next highest (Six Apart products, namely Type-Pad and MovableType). Earlier in 2009, another blogger checked blog software usage for a different universe of liblogs and concluded that Blogger was by far the platform of choice for the general population, followed distantly by WordPress and even more distantly by Typepad. Indeed, those results showed Blogger with more than twice as many blogs as WordPress.

I questioned the results in a rather ungracious comment. I've since apologized for the way I handled it—but not for

questioning an assertion that, in essence, Blogger is twice as popular as WordPress among libloggers.

This broader survey yields *much* more interesting results—specifically because it clarifies to what extent the results depend on the question being asked.

The Total Universe: It's a Tie

Table 3.1 shows the blogging software used for all liblogs in this year's study. "Six Apart" combines TypePad and MovableType and "Other" includes other known packages and handcrafted blogs.

Software	Blogs	Percent
Blogger	572	43.9%
Drupal	12	0.9%
LiveJournal	22	1.7%
Posterous	3	0.2%
Six Apart	75	5.8%
Tumblr	7	0.5%
WordPress	560	42.9%
Other	53	4.1%
Total	1,304	

Table 3.1: Blogging software for all liblogs

How can it be the case that WordPress was showing a substantial lead over Blogger in 2009, just shy of a majority of all blogs, when the two are essentially tied in 2010 (with Blogger 1% ahead)?

There are at least two good answers to be found by looking at types and groups.

Types: Book Bloggers Favor Blogger, Techies WordPress

Software	Blogs	Percent
Blogger	61	53.0%
Drupal	1	0.9%
LiveJournal	2	1.7%

Posterous	1	0.9%
Six Apart	5	4.3%
Tumblr	2	1.7%
WordPress	41	35.7%
Other	2	1.7%
Total	115	

Table 3.2: Blogging software for book blogs

Table 3.2 shows part of the answer: Most book (and other review) blogs use Blogger. Quite a few book blogs use fairly fancy Blogger templates—including one that inserts a strict copyright claim and warning about plagiarism, interesting in a blog that (in earlier times) had included the full lyrics of a popular song without indication of permission.

Technology-oriented bloggers favor WordPress—a little more than book bloggers favor Blogger and for a much larger set of blogs.

Software	Blogs	Percent
Blogger	128	31.6%
Drupal	8	2.0%
LiveJournal	2	0.5%
Posterous	1	0.2%
Six Apart	23	5.7%
Tumblr	2	0.5%
WordPress	226	55.8%
Other	15	3.7%
Total	405	

Table 3.3: Blogging software for technology blogs

For other blogs, Blogger is ahead of WordPress (48.9% to 37.4%). In all cases, Six Apart (TypePad and MovableType) is a distant third, with other platforms even less visible. Note that the newish platforms Posterous and Tumblr have yet to make significant inroads among liblogs.

Groups: Core Blogs Favor WordPress

Software	Blogs	Percent
Blogger	150	33.9%
Drupal	5	1.1%
LiveJournal	5	1.1%
Posterous	1	0.2%
Six Apart	34	7.7%
Tumblr	0	0.0%
WordPress	232	52.4%
Other	16	3.6%
Total	443	

Table 3.4: Blogging software for Group 1 (Core) blogs

Although not quite as striking as the figures for technology liblogs, the breakdown for core blogs (in Table 3.4 above) is distinct, and shows a shift toward WordPress from other platforms. A clear majority of all core blogs use WordPress; Blogger is a fairly distant second.

Now consider the other extreme—Group 4, blogs that are moribund or defunct. As shown in Table 3.5, nearly 60% of those blogs used Blogger, while just over a quarter used WordPress

Software	Blogs	Percent
Blogger	171	59.0%
Drupal	1	0.3%
LiveJournal	8	2.8%
Posterous	0	0.0%
Six Apart	19	6.6%
Tumblr	0	0.0%
WordPress	76	26.2%
Other	15	5.2%
Total	290	

Table 3.5: Blogging software for Group 4 (Moribund) blogs

Other groups are somewhere in the middle—with Blogger leading WordPress slightly in Group 2, WordPress leading Blogger in Group 3. Taking all groups *except* Group 4, WordPress leads with just under 48% (but not quite a majority), while Blogger follows with just under 40%. In every group and type, it's a two-horse race: no other software accounts for even 10% of blogs.

Where: Liblogs by Country

I was able to determine the country in which the blogger(s) resided (not necessarily the country of citizenship) for 1,216 of the 1,304 blogs. Table 3.6 shows this information in descending order by number of blogs.

Country	Blogs
United States	880
United Kingdom	109
Canada	91
Australia	79
Netherlands	6
New Zealand	6
Philippines	5
India	4
Iran	4
Italy	3
Norway	3
Singapore	3
Wales	3
China	2
Ireland	2
Scotland	2
Sweden	2
Thailand	2
Antigua	1

Austria	1
Denmark	1
Egypt	1
Fiji	1
France	1
Germany	1
Mexico	1
Portugal	1
Spain	1

Table 3.6. Liblogs by country

Given that this study is limited to English-language liblogs, the results are scarcely surprising—that is, 97% or all but 32 of the blogs come from either the primary English-speaking nations or nations where English is an official language (Singapore, Philippines, Fiji, Hong Kong) or the dominant language (Antigua).

I used Scotland or Wales only when that was clear from the blogger's self-identification. Chances are, more of the blogs labeled United Kingdom come from Scotland and Wales.

Adjusted for population within the top five, Australia lib-loggers are very active (3.5 blogs per million people), with the United States and Canada roughly tied for second (2.8 and 2.7 blogs per million respectively)—and the United Kingdom (including Scotland and Wales) and New Zealand somewhat behind (1.8 and 1.4 blogs per million). As a liblog reader, I know Australian librarians are unusually active bloggers.

A Few of the Others

What of the 32 blogs that come from countries where English is not an official (or the dominant) language and that aren't moribund? Several are by English-speaking librarians teaching or working abroad. Notes on most of the others:

Petter Næss has been writing *Knowbodies* since 2003, originating in Denmark but with a broad international set of

"news about websites, technology, resources, applications, trends and all manner of information that might be of interest to librarians and other information seekers."

From France we get *Science Intelligence and InfoPros*, from a "Librarian at a big pharmaceutical company." The relatively young blog includes selective, thoughtful commentaries by "hbasset" on items related to science and librarianship.

Chetan Hegde M writes *LISMysore* from Mysore, India—not a prolific blog but one with interesting posts. In New Delhi, Sukdhev Singh writes *Sukhdev in Web Land*, another blog that's been around since 2005.

Iran appears to have a very active liblogging community, but with a lot of appearances and disappearances. Two Iranian blogs with many or most posts in English are still active, both since 2005: Yazdan Mansourian's *The Invisible Web Weblog* and Ehsan Mohammadi's *Virtual Ehsan Real Blog*.

I *love* the title of Mexico's sole English-language liblog (of which I'm aware): *Stupendous Amazing Library*. It's by Alejandro Garza at Monterrey Tech, it's been around since 2007, and it's what the banner says: "Library technical stuff, focused on Drupal, search, metasearch and the user experience."

Half a dozen English liblogs come from the Netherlands. Lukas Koster writes *CommonPlace.Net* about "Library 2.0 and beyond." *DigiCMB* ("The Web, Research, Virtual and Social Networks in Health and Medicine") comes from "The 'Infectious' Librarian,' Guus van den Brekel. Another medical library blog exploring the "web 2.0 world," *Laika's MedLibLog*, comes from "Laika Spoetnik," a pseudonym for someone named Jacqueline. "Driek" at the University of Amsterdam has been writing *Library spring* "on innovation for academic research libraries" since 2006 and Wouter Gerritsma has produced *WoW! Wouter on the Web* since 2007—but included quite a few English posts in his older blog. Then there's *ob*-

noxious librarian from hades: Dennie Heye, who's turned three years of posts into a self-published book (or "blook").

From Norway, Thomas Brevik's *Librarian 1.5*, around since January 2006, gives its coverage as "Library 2.0 from a Scandinavian perspective." *Plinius*, around since 2005, appears in two versions—one Norwegian, one English.

Mónica Mendes Pinheiro in Portugal has been writing the wide-ranging *Monica's jeans* since 2003, with some posts in Portuguese, many in English and some a mix of the two.

Finally, there are two from Sweden. Åke Nygren's *bibl.se*, described as "digital library bubbles," just moved to Posterous (at bibl.posterous.com). Lars Iselid, Librarian at the Medical Library, Umeå University Library, Sweden, has been writing *Nowhere North* since September 2006, covering "Internet, search engines, information and library science (LIS), travellings, conferences, open source and free software (FOSS) etc."

Visibility: Google Page Rank

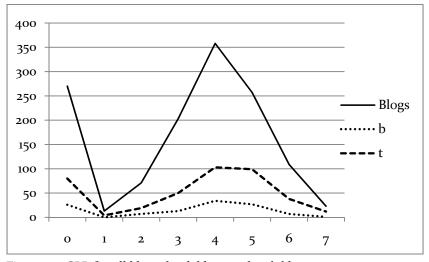


Figure 3.1: GPR for all blogs, book blogs and tech blogs

I use Google Page Rank (GPR) as a crude indicator of blog visibility with misgivings. It is unquestionably crude: There are only 11 possible values and no liblog has any of the three highest values. Older blogs generally do better because GPR values links and links accumulate over age. It can be confounded by several things, including changing platform or URL. But it's the only readily available measure I can find, and—with a few notable exceptions—it seems to be a reasonably good crude measure.

Figure 3.1 shows GPR counts for all liblogs and for bookblogs (b) and tech blogs (t). It's worth noting that, while the overall population has a sharp spike at GPR4, with somewhat lower values at 2 and 5, the book/review blogs have a strong showing at 5-and there are almost as many tech blogs with GPR5 as with GPR4 (99 and 103 respectively). Do note that the solid line *includes* blogs in the other two lines.

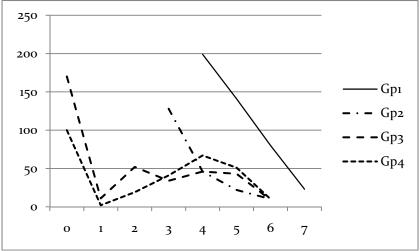


Figure 3.2: GPR for blogs by group

Figure 3.2 is mostly interesting to compare groups 3 and 4, where any GPR value is possible. By definition, Group 1 blogs start at GPR4 and Group 2 blogs start at GPR3—with most of them having that value. Possibly noteworthy: All of

the most visible blogs (GPR7) are in Group 1, which means they're all still fairly active—as are roughly three-quarters of GPR6 blogs.

When: Liblogs by Date of Origin

The broader universe of liblogs this time around shows a sharply different pattern by date of origin than earlier studies.

Year	Blogs	Percent
1998	1	0.1%
1999	2	0.2%
2000	4	0.3%
2001	12	0.9%
2002	29	2.2%
2003	91	7.0%
2004	124	9.5%
2005	237	18.2%
2006	224	17.2%
2007	263	20.2%
2008	165	12.7%
2009	117	9.0% 2.7%
2010	35	2.7%

Table 3.7: Blogs by Starting Year

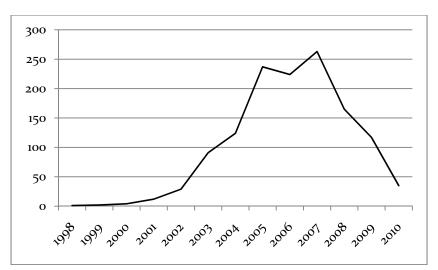


Figure 3.3: Blogs by starting year

Because I wanted to track longevity (see below), I recorded the month of origin separately from the year. You may find Figure 3.4 meaningful, or you may not. "Library folks are less likely to start blogs late in the year"—that's what I come up with.

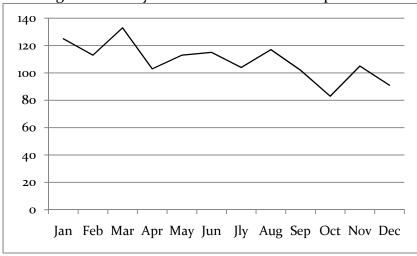


Figure 3.4: Blogs by starting month

Pioneering Blogs

Here's a list of the oldest blogs—not the oldest quintile (that would include all blogs started in 2004 or before) but roughly the oldest tenth, those started in 2003 or before. In some cases these blogs began with different names but have continuity of archives. Blogs that currently appear to be moribund or defunct (having had no posts between June 1, 2009 and May 31, 2010) appear in italics.

Blog Month
1998
ResearchBuzzAugust
1999
oss4lib February librarian.net April
2000
Search Engine Showdown Blog
Info Career TrendsSeptember
Library BanterNovember
Librarisaurus Rex
2001
LibraryPlanet.com
ResourceShelf
The Handheld Librarian January
mazar.ca
Scholarly Electronic Publishing WeblogJune
AnthoBLOGy
infolibre
the cynic librarianSeptember
librarygeek October
The Rabid Librarian's Ravings in the Wind October
Kegliography December
rawbrick.net
2002
The Shifted Librarian January

January 2011

Cites & Insights

EngLib February
BookBitchBlogMarch
CatalogablogMarch
ASC Online
Family Man Librarian April
MaisonBisson.com
42short
Open Access News
eclectic librarian
Leah's Law Library Weblog
Old Fox's KM blotter
Raspoid Maunderings
Lady Crumpet's Armoire
beSpacific
Conan the Librarian
Confessions of a Bibliovore
etc. August
The Aardvark Speaks
frontier librarian
Saving the world daily through information
Confessions of a Science LibrarianOctober
Liberry BloozeOctober
LoopyLibrarianOctober
mamamusingsOctober
DrWeb's Domain
Observations from the front line
Union Librarian December
2003
At Home He's a TouristJanuary
Book KittenJanuary
Diary of a Wandering CatalogerJanuary
Library Link of the DayJanuary
Library StuffJanuary
Sites and Soundbytes
ArchivaliaFebruary
capital city desk February
Citegeist February
Pattern Recognition February
Peter Scott's Library Blog February
Redhaired Librarian February
C. C. I.I.

The Misadventures of Super_Librarian	February
The world is my dinosaur	
AFPL Watch	
Open Stacks	
SciTech Library Question	
TangognaT	
The Laughing Librarian	
3 3	
Creative Librarian	April
infosophy	
j's scratchpad	April
Librarian Avengers	
Libraryman	
The Invisible Library	
The Playful Antiquarian	
Threnody for the Public Domain	
Virtual DaveReal Blog	
Attempting Elegance	
explodedlibrary.info	
JasonUnbound	
Library Monk	
Ref Grunt	
Adventures of an InfoMage in Training	
DIY Librarian	
Epistemographer	
Librarian	
Lupe's journal	
• '	
Fairly Used	July
Free Range Librarian	July
Monica's jeans	July
NAMA-RUPA	July
The Days & Nights of the Lipstick Librarian!	July
The Information Literacy Land of Confusion	July
Tiny Little Librarian	
Travelin' Librarian	July
zydeco fish	
Dirty Librarian	
Kids Lit	
Legal References.	
Librarian's Rant	
Public Libraries: fighting cynicism	August
Citas O Insights	

tblog - fling fling! August
The Nonny Librarians
Tillabooks: Will's Book Blog
Young Librarian
blogwithoutalibrary.net September
David Lee King September
Lin Librariana Dools Dlog
Hip Librarians Book Blog
Information Takes Over
LibrariAnne
Library Despot 3.0 September
KnowbodiesOctober
LawLibTechOctober
libertarian LibrarianOctober
Library Chronicles
Lorcan Dempsey's weblogOctober
On Christina's RadarOctober
Osten ArdOctober
Overdue IdeasOctober
The Hot LibrarianOctober
The In Season Christian LibrarianOctober
The InfoMan's BlogOctober
The Well Dressed LibrarianOctober
Beyond the Job
Books to curl up with: a librarian's musings November
Borderland Tales
Confessions of a Mad Librarian
LibrarianActivist.org
Library Stories: Libraries & Librarians in the News November
The Illustrated Librarian
The Librarydude!
The Loud Librarian
User Education Resources for Librarians
Dispatches from a Public Librarian
Elementary School Blog
Legal Marketing
Librarian Way
Open Reading Frame
Professional-Lurker: Comments by an academic in cyberspace
Projessional-Lurker: Comments by an academic in cyberspace
December

Longevity

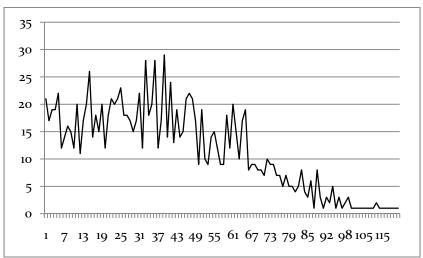


Figure 3.5: Blog longevity by months

I tracked the number of months between the first post in each blog and the last post before June 1, 2010. The average and median are surprisingly close in this case: 39.2 months on average, 36 months as the median. Figure 3.5 shows blog longevity by months.

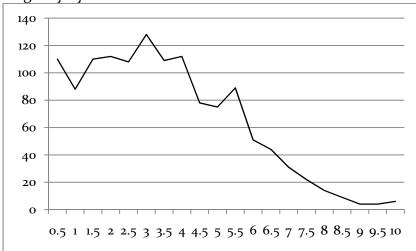


Figure 3.6: Blog longevity by years

Figure 3.6, which breaks longevity down into half-years, is easier to read—but I'm not sure how much either figure means. A blog that began in January 2008 can't have lasted more than 29 months by May 2010 (for example).

On the other hand, there are distinct differences between groups of blogs in terms of longevity. Core blogs (group 1) average 51 months with a median of 48 months. Group 2 blogs average 42 months with a median of 41 months. Group 3 blogs average 34 months with a median of 33 months—and group 4 blogs, blogs that are defunct or moribund, average 24 months with a median of 19 months. Look at the two extremes: In essence, core blogs that are still active have been around about twice as long as blogs that are abandoned. (There are no significant longevity differences between book/review, technology and other blogs.)

	Blogs	High	Low	Median	Moribund
All	1,304	142	1	36	22%
Q1	254	142	62	73	7%
Q ₂	266	61	44	51	11%
Q ₃	256	43	31	36	16%
Q ₄	267	30	16	24	28%
Q ₅	261	15	1	8	48%

Table 3.8: Longevity quintiles

Table 3.8 breaks blog longevity down by quintiles—with slightly varying sizes to break at whole numbers. Since this is the first quintile table (of many), let's break it down a little—and note what may be the most interesting column, that is, what percentage of blogs in the quintile is in Group 4 (moribund or defunct as of May 31, 2010).

➤ The fifth of blogs that have been around the longest (from first post to most recent prior to June 2010) have been running from just over five years to more than 11 years, with a median of just over six years. Only 7% of these blogs are moribund.

- ➤ Blogs in the second quintile—above average but not in the top fifth—have been around from under four years to just over five, with a median of four years three months. 11% of these blogs are moribund, half the overall average.
- ➤ Blogs in the third quintile—"roughly average"—have been around from roughly 2.5 to roughly 3.5 years, with a median of three years. One-sixth of these blogs are apparently moribund, slightly below the overall average.
- ➤ For the fourth quintile, longevity ranges from one year four months to 2.5 years, with a median of two years—and more than a quarter of these blogs are moribund.
- ➤ Blogs with the shortest lifespan range from a single month to 1.25 years, with a median of just eight months—and nearly half of these blogs are moribund.

There's a touch of obviousness about the overall conclusion here: Blogs tend to die young.

Blogs with the most longevity (that began in 2004 or later)

This list, arranged by decreasing longevity, shows those blogs in the first quintile that are *not* also pioneers—that is, those that began in 2004 and later.

Blog	. Months
Connie Crosby	
A Canuck Librarian	
derivative work	
GoddessLibrarian	77
Incoherent Scribblings	77
Informationoverlord	
A Library Writer's Blog	76
Christina's LIS Rant	76
Daveman's Blog	76
Foxylibrarian.com	76
Loomware - Crafting New Libraries	
ADHD Librarian	75

Bibliotherapy for obsessive/compulsive Readers	75
Fiddling Librarian 3.0	75
Library Web Chic	75
Tame the Web	75
walking paper	
Carolyne's pages of interest	74
CogSci Librarian	
Dojo of the Library Ninja	, , 74
HappyGeek's CodeX	, , 74
LibraryLaw Blog	
Princess Cosine, the cunning librarian	, , 74
The Liminal Librarian	·····74
It's all good	73
LibraryBytes	
librarygrrrl.net	73
Matthew 2.0	
Of Life, Education, E-bay, Travel & Books	73
The Distant Librarian	·····73
bookshelves of doom	72
BooktalksQuick and Simple blog	72
Digital Reference	72
Duck Duck Book	72
Grumpator	72
Rambling Librarian :: Incidental Thoughts of a	-
Singapore Liblogarian	72
Revelations	72
The Krafty Librarian	
Txt-based Blogging	
Bubble Room	71
From a KC Librarian	71
Killin' time being lazy	71
Miss Information	71
Radical Reference	
Ravings of a Lunatic Librarian	₇₁
Venn Librarian	71
Arriving Somewhere	
Blog on the Side - Darlene Fichter	70

Digitization 101	70
Frequently Answered Questions	70
Larocque and Roll	
Panlibus	
The Real Paul Jones	70
Bad Librarianship Now!	69
Lost in the StuporMarket	
Pop Goes the Library	_
Rachel Vacek	
scribble scribble scribble	
Shelly's Book Shelf	
Wanderings of an online librarian	
Amusing Things that Patrons Do and Say in the	
Library Environment	68
Hermes' Neuticles	
Librarian In Black	
Outsidecat	
Professional Notes	68
The Goddess of YA Literature	68
The Society for Librarians Who Say	
A LIBRARIAN AT THE KITCHEN TABLE	67
A Wandering Eyre	67
ebyblog	
Free Government Information (FGI)	67
Information Wants To Be Free	
PomeRantz	
T. Scott	
Vancouver Law Librarian Blog	67
Biblio File	66
DigiCMB	
Hidden Peanuts	
Library Technology in Texas	
Ramblings on Librarianship, Technology, and Academia	
The Life of Books	
A Librarian's Guide to Etiquette	65
Baby Boomer Librarian	
Fig Newtons and Scotch	
~	

Law Librarian Blog	. 65
Librarian 1.5	. 65
Library Voice	. 65
Library Tavern	. 65
Marcus' World	
Michael Zimmer.org	. 65
OA Librarian	
Online Insider	. 65
PLA Blog	
Recreational Reading	
reeling and writhing	
The Centered Librarian	
The Imaginary Journal of Poetic Economics	. 65
copy this blog	. 64
Depraved Librarian	
digitizationblog	
Dilettante's Ball	
Feistylibrarian	. 64
Filipino Librarian	
garish & tweed	
habitually probing generalist	
Innovate	
Inquiring Librarian	
Library Boy	
Library clips	
Library Girl knits!	
Muller In the Middle	
Of ceiling wax and cabbages	
ricklibrarian	
RSS ₄ Lib	. 64
Hunger, Homelessness & Poverty Task Force	
Jenelle.net	_
Librarian on the edge	
library+instruction+technology	
LOTR Librarian	
Love the Liberry	
nostuff.org	
OUseful.Info, the blog	
Outgoing	
The Gypsy Librarian	6=

A Chair, A Fireplace & A Tea Cozy	62
AbsTracked	62
DigitalKoans	
e3 Information Overload AND Are You 2.0 Yet?	
Intelligence, A Swiss Army Knife, And Charm	
Musings from Vermont	
Plinius	
Quædam cuiusdam	
School Librarian in Action	
The Bruised Edge	62
The Itinerant Librarian	
The Search Principle blog	
Tombrarian	
Walt at Random	

Currency

Finally (for this overview chapter), consider currency: How recent the most recent post is, taking a fixed deadline. In this case, I use buckets dating back from June 1, 2010—one week, two weeks, four weeks, eight weeks, 13 weeks (the start of the measurement quarter), 17 weeks (essentially 120 days, the cutoff some analyses use for minimal blog activity), 26 weeks (half a year), 52 weeks (a year), and two special buckets: 99 (more than a year) and Ceased (explicitly ceased).

Table 3.9 shows currency for the liblog universe (missing seven blogs that, for one reason or another, were difficult to measure).

Currency	Blogs	Percentage	Cumulative
1	401	31%	31%
2	128	10%	41%
4	132	10%	51%
8	113	9%	60%
13	60	5%	64%
17	36	3%	67%
26	51	4%	71%

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7		٠

52	79	6%	77%
99	246	19%	96%
Ceased	51	4%	100%

Table 3.9: Currency for all blogs

Just under one-third of all blogs had a post within the last week of May 2010; just over half had a post sometime during the month of May; and just under two-thirds had a post sometime during the March-May 2010 study period. At the other extreme, roughly one-quarter of the blogs hadn't been updated within half a year, and roughly one out of five hadn't been updated in more than a year. Since groups are determined in part by currency, there's no point in showing

currency for any given group.

Bookblogs	Blogs	Percentage	Cumulative
1	59	52%	52%
2	9	8%	60%
4	16	14%	74%
8	4	4%	78%
13	4	4%	81%
17	2	2%	83%
26	5	4%	88%
52	5	4%	92%
99	7	6%	98%
Ceased	2	2%	100%

Table 3.10: Currency for book/review blogs

Book and other review blogs tend to be updated frequently. More than half of these had a post in the last week of May and nearly three-quarters had a post sometime during May 2010. (Technology-oriented blogs show roughly the same distribution as all blogs.)

If you're reading this, you're reading Chapter 3 of *The Liblog* Landscape 2007-2010 as it appears in the January 2011 Cites & Insights. To see Chapter 1, for an index to blogs named in

this book and to help support future research, buy *The Liblog Landscape* 2007-2010 in book form (or PDF download) at http://www.lulu.com/content/9829119.